



Child Care Experience™

Participant Care Card



What to Do When a Child Care Experience Baby Starts Crying

NOTE: You must always wear your Beacon when caring for Babies. Always ensure the 3-Month Child Care Baby's head is properly supported.

Feed

Bottle (3-Month Child Care Baby only) – Place the Bottle up to the 3-Month Baby's mouth. The Baby's cry will change to a sucking sound and continue until you hear the Baby coo.

Solid Food (9-Month Child Care Baby only) – Place the Baby upright in the highchair, aligning the tag on the highchair with the tag on the Baby's diaper. If the tags are properly aligned, you will hear a slight change in the Baby's cry. Secure the highchair strap. Put the solid food spoon in the Baby's mouth for a few seconds and then remove it. The Baby will make chewing sounds on and off. Repeat this process until you hear the Baby coo.



Rock

Rock the Baby gently from side to side. The cry will change to soft sounds. Continue rocking until you hear the Baby coo.



Diaper

To successfully change the diaper, place the Baby on the changing pad with diaper tag on top of the larger changing pad tag. The Baby's cry will become much softer when the tags are aligned correctly. Remove the current diaper and replace it with the another one. If you changed the diaper correctly, the Baby will coo immediately.

NOTE: When documenting diaper changes in the Baby Care Journal, note that you washed your hands after changing the diaper.



Fussy

3-Month Baby – Pick up the Baby. It will detect movement and start to whimper. Remain rocking, walking, and/or providing nurturing movement for the duration of the Care Event and the Baby will continue to whimper. The Baby will coo when it is done.

OR

Place the soothing blanket on a flat surface. Lay the Baby on the soothing blanket so that the sensor lines up with the diaper tag. The cry will change to a whimper when aligned correctly. Wrap the Baby in the soothing blanket. The Baby will coo when done.



Fussy

9-Month Baby – Pick up the Baby and place the pacifier in its mouth. The cry will change to softer sounds. Leave the pacifier in until you hear the Baby coo.



Burp

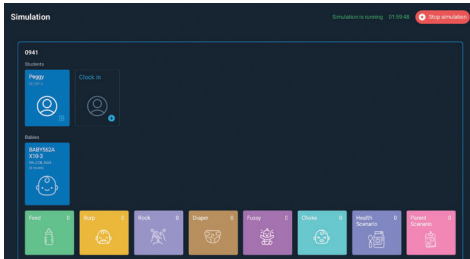
Place the Baby in an upright position on your shoulder. Lightly pat the Baby's back until you hear it burp.



Choke (9-Month Baby only)

The Baby will start to cough or make choking sounds when something is lodged in its throat. Place the Baby on its stomach at a 15-to-85-degree angle; the Baby's head should be lower than its feet. Hit the Baby 3-5 times between its shoulder blades. Turn the Baby onto its back and thrust into its chest 3-5 times. Repeat this process, alternating between hitting between the shoulder blades and thrusting into the chest, until the Baby coos and the item is dislodged from its throat.

Baby Care Journal



All Care Events listed above should be noted in the Baby Care Journal.

Digital Care Journal – Select yourself and the Baby you cared for on the smart device. Choose the event you are reporting and enter the information in the space provided. Save and close.

Printed Care Journal – Document the Care Event on your Infant Daily Report.

Health & Parent Scenarios

Scenarios may appear on the smart device throughout the simulation. When this happens, a Baby will make a ding-dong sound. Read through the scenario carefully and select your name from the student dropdown. Type your answer in the textbox and tap Submit.



Frustration-Reducing Measures for When Child Care Experience Babies Cry

- Take several deep breaths and count to 10
- Say the alphabet
- Close your eyes and think of something pleasant

NOTE: All Babies record abusive events. The 3-Month Child Care Babies record head support, rough handling, and shaken baby syndrome. 9-Month Child Care Babies record rough handling.